

Respect for All. Learners for Life

<u>Art &</u> Design	Little Treasures	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2
Drawing	Enjoy and explore mark making with a range of media – tools and materials. Express ideas and feelings through making marks, and sometimes give a meaning to the marks they make.	Experiments and creates closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. Begin to add detail such as representing a face with a circle and including some details (begin to talk about texture e.g. wavy lines for the hair). Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises. Show different emotions in their drawings like happiness, sadness, etc.	Explore using different shapes and symbols to represent their ideas. Begin to use drawings to represent actions, objects, imagination, observation and experiences. Add more detail to drawings using e.g. body, arms, hands, fingers, feet, more facial features. Show texture in drawings – more detail, repeated lines for hair) Begin to show more spacial awareness.	Drawings show an order of space relationships (e.g. everything beginning to sit on the base line) Improved detail of anatomy using space, shape, texture e.g. face, structure of animals – science links) Begin to use perspective e.g. when drawing landscapes, buildings. Begin to talk about how texture has been created e.g. I've used rectangle shapes to create a brick texture	 Increased detail added to drawings- Use of space using shadows light and dark Use of texture e.g. hatching Use of form e.g. 3D appearance – candle exploring use of tone differentiated grades of pressure/pencil Perspective and scale appear. Drawing may feel harder, less spontaneous – need to get things exact.
Painting	Experiments with a range of media, tools & materialsthrough multi- sensory play including painting using fingers and other parts.	Enjoys and responds to playing with colour in a variety of ways e.g. combining colours. Begin to name some colours. Show different emotions in paintings (as in drawing)	Names more colours. Sorting colours - hue or <i>not</i> hue (<i>white, black, grey</i>) - contrast colours e.g. warm/cold, colours relating to emotions, seasons winter – cold colours –v- summer/hot Continue to explore how colours are changed including add white to make it light (tint) Explore textures Leaf rubbing, wax resist lines,	Know the primary colours and explore mixing to make new colours (secondary colours) Know primary colours cannot be made by mixing together any other colours. Explore the hue of a primary colour via adding tints (white to make it bright) and tones (grey to tone) Creating textures Adding salt to paintings	Know what colours can be mixed to make specific secondary colours. Explore the gradual hue when mixing primary and secondary colours Choose and use colours for specific purpose, effect of colours/mood eg Great Fire of London Choose and use different textures to enhance paintings (layering)
Sculpting	Experiments with a range of media, tools & materialsthrough multi- sensory play.	Experiments with ways tocreate shapes and represent objects Uses 3D and 2D structures to explore materials and/or to express ideas.	Uses various materials to join, piece, place, stack - vertically and horizontally, balance, making enclosures and create spaces.	Explore sculpture with a range of malleable media to construct and join recycled, natural and man-made materials. Use materials to make known objects for a purpose.	Manipulate malleable media in a variety of ways e.g. rolling, kneading shaping and joining. Experiment with, construct and join recycled, natural and man-made materials more confidently.



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Developing	Little Treasures	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2
techniques Line (see above in drawing)	Experiment and explore mark making using a wide range of materials and media and the whole of the body.	Exploring lines, joining lines to make shapes. Adding lines to shapes	Drawings begin to show more detail eg wider variety of lines and shapes to represent ideas. Beginning to show texture eg repeated lines eg wavy hair or shapes with lines in	Observations represented by drawing specific lines/patterns to show a texture eg circles for a sponge or short/long, straight, wavy lines for a feather Exploring tone of the line to show texture eg soft feather Developing use of space eg drawings beginning to sit on a base line	Order of space, relationships and scale of images developed. Drawings sit on the base line. Increased detail added to drawings -hatching and cross hatching used to show more detailed textures. -tone; differentiated grades of pressure/pencil. -beginning to show form eg 3D appearance – candle Drawing may feel harder, less spontaneous – need to get things exact.
Pattern	Enjoy mark making including creating and making patterns — use of whole body (multi-sensory)	Explore and make patterns with variety of materials and media.	Observe patterns and copy simple repeated patterns using variety of media and materials.	Observations represent what seen eg continuing animal patterns, drawing repeated circles to show texture of eg sponge	Use hatching and cross hatching technique to add more detail to patterns.
Texture (applies to all elements in art)	Sensory exploration (real textures) of different textures so children can begin to make sense of the world	Begin to add detail such as representing a face with a circle and including some details (begin to talk about texture e.g. wavy lines for the hair). Real & implied texture experiences using a wide range of media and materials e.g. texture in paint consistency, shaving foam, dough etc	Begin to show texture in drawings – more detail, repeated lines for hair Explore texturesLeaf rubbing, wax resist lines Describe seen & unseen items (e.g. blind fold, guess bag) materials developing descriptive language Adding tactile texture through painting e.g. wax crayon, saw dust, collage	Begin to talk about how texture has been created e.g. I've used lots of rectangle shapes to show the bricks on my house. Creating texture by adding eg salt to paintings Art table with challenges linked to science 'materials'; ch to look closely drawing the texture of sponge, lace, feather etc.	Use hatching technique to add more detail to patterns to create texture. Choose and use different textures to enhance paintings (wax relief & layering)
Shape, form and space	Experiment and explore mark making using a wide range of materials and media and the whole of the body.	When a line meets up to enclose a space, a shape is formed.	 Shape – see drawing above Form – beginning to add more detail to drawings Space – beginning to show 2 eyes – where they are on the face. 3d masks – making role play props 	Beginning to show awareness of space e.g. drawings beginning to sit on a base line	Form is taught – how to change 2d to 3d e.g. candle Improved perspective



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Developing techniques	Little Treasures	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2
Pencil grip	1-2 years; when children first	3-4 years	4-6 years		7 years
	pick up a pencil or crayon, they	More fine motor control	Much greater hand strength, you will start to use		Children develop both
There are several stages of	usually use a five-finger grip –	which means their fingers	three fingers to grip pencils, initially moving the		hand and eye coordination.
grip progression, but there's	holding it in a fist.	and wrists are stronger.	pencil with the whole hand and then with just		Child will hold the pencil
no right or wrong age for	2-3 years As strength builds in	They will hold the pencil	their fingers.		by using three fingers at
these – children all develop	hands and arms, more movement	with five fingers, not their			a time.
in their own time.	away from their body when	palm and they'll be able to			More active in motor
	drawing with more movement	make marks by moving			activities. By using both
	coming from their arm rather than	their wrist.			hand and eye coordination
	their shoulder.				he can both write and
	Their five-finger grip will change so				draw different structures.
	their thumb is nearer the pencil tip				
	and their palm is facing down				
	towards the paper.				

