



Respect for all. Learners for life

Supporting Children and Young People with Medical Conditions in School.

July 2021

Supporting Children with Medical Conditions Respect for All. Learners for Life.	Safe and Happy School
POLICY STATEMENT	
<p>The Supporting children and young people with Medical Conditions in school Policy will provide guidance to ensure;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • That the school meets its statutory responsibilities to manage medicines and medical conditions in line with Government guidance 'Supporting pupils at school with Medical conditions' and the 'Special Educational Needs and Disability code of practice: 0-25 years'. • That the school implements inclusive practices to support children and young people with medical conditions. • That the school aims to provide all pupils with all medical conditions the same opportunities as others at school. <p>The school will ensure the implementation of the Supporting Medical Conditions in school Policy to meet the following values and principles:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • all children/young people and staff are healthy and stay safe • parents, children and young people feel secure and confident in the schools' ability to support their child. • Pupils make a positive contribution and get to experience a wide and varied curriculum and experiences. • Ensure all staff understand their duty of care to safeguard children and young people in all aspects of their needs and especially within the event of an emergency. • ensure all staff are appropriately trained, competent and confident in knowing what to do in an emergency. • develop the schools understanding that certain medical conditions are serious and can be potentially life threatening, particularly if ill managed or misunderstood. • that the school understands the importance of medication being taken as prescribed. • all staff understand common medical conditions that affect children/young people at our school. Our staff receive training on the impact medical conditions can have on children/young people from specialist medical staff. <p>The schools Governing body names Mrs G Price to be responsible ensuring this policy is fully implemented and monitored regularly.</p>	
1. The school is an inclusive community that aims to support and welcome all children and young people including those with medical conditions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The governing body understand that it has a responsibility to make arrangements for supporting pupils with medical conditions who currently attend and to those who may attend in the future. • Pupils with medical conditions are encouraged to take control of their condition. Pupils feel confident in the support they receive from the school to help them do this. • The school ensures to provide all children with all medical conditions the same opportunities at school. • The school aims to include all pupils with medical conditions in all school activities. • The school ensures all staff (Teaching and Support) understand their duty of care to children and young people in the event of an emergency. • Parents of pupils with medical conditions feel secure in the care their children receive both in the transportation, school and on educational visits. • All staff are confident in knowing what to do in an emergency and receive regular training to do so. • There is knowledge that certain medical conditions are serious and can be potentially life-threatening. • All staff understand the common medical conditions¹ that can affect all children/young people in school. Staff receive training on the impact this can have on pupils. 	
2. All staff have a sound knowledge, understand their role and are trained to a level that fulfills and informs them in what to do to support children/young people with the most common serious medical conditions found at the school and how to uphold the policy.	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All staff at the school are aware of the most common serious medical conditions which they may come across when children are in their care. • Staff understand their duty of care to pupils in the event of an emergency. In an emergency situation school staff are required under common law duty of care to act like any reasonably prudent parent. 	

¹Common medical conditions include Asthma, Epilepsy, Diabetes and Anaphylaxis

This may include administering medication.

- Parents will be informed if their child has been unwell at school.
- All staff that work directly with pupils receive training and know what to do in an emergency for the pupils in their care with medical conditions.
- Training is refreshed for all staff as appropriate and should be referred to the child/young person's Individual Healthcare Plan.
- The school recognises a first aid certificate does not constitute as appropriate training for medical conditions.
- Action for staff to take in an emergency for the common serious conditions at the school is displayed in prominent locations for all staff including classrooms, kitchens and the staff room.
- The school uses the child/young person's Individual Healthcare Plan to inform the appropriate staff (including supply teachers and support staff) of pupils in their care who may need emergency help.
- The school has procedures in place so that the most up to date young person's Individual Healthcare Plan is sent to the emergency care setting with the pupil. On occasions when this is not possible, the form is sent (or the information on it is communicated) to the hospital as soon as possible.
- The school have plans in place to cover staff absence and sickness.

ROLES within School

The following roles and responsibilities are recommended practice within the policy. These roles are understood and communicated regularly.

Governing Body

The school's Governing body has a responsibility to:

- uphold the Equality Act 2010 and make any reasonable adjustments.
- ensure that arrangements are in place to support pupils with medical conditions (plans and suitable accommodation). In doing so they should ensure that such children can access and enjoy the same opportunities at school as any other child.
- take into account that many of the medical conditions that require support at school will affect quality of life and may be life-threatening and therefore focuses on the needs of the individual child/young person.
- be aware that in some case it a flexible approach may be required, for example, programmes of study that rely on a part-time attendance in combination with Alternative Provision.
- consider how the child/young person will be reintegrated back into schools after periods of absence.
- consider that children/young people with Medical conditions are entitled to full-time education and should not be denied admission, however, in line with Safeguarding duties ensure that no pupils' health is put at unnecessary risk.
- make sure the supporting medical conditions in school policy is effectively implemented, monitored and evaluated and updated in line with the school policy review timeline.
- ensure all parents are fully aware and understand their responsibilities (use Annex H).

Headteacher

The school's head teacher has a responsibility to:

- ensure the school puts the policy into practice and develop detailed procedures and effectively implemented procedures.
- liaise between interested parties including child/young people, school staff, SENCO, teaching assistants, school nurses, parents, governors, the school health service, the Local Authority and local emergency care services and seek advice when necessary.
- ensure every aspect of the policy are maintained even if they are not the governing bodies nominated staff member.
- ensure that information held by the school is accurate and up to date and that there are good information sharing systems in place using child/young person's Individual Healthcare Plans.
- Ensure child/young person's confidentiality.
- assess quality assured training and support the development needs of staff and arrange for them to be met via formally commissioned arrangements.
- ensure all supply teachers and new staff know the medical conditions policy.
- delegate a staff member to check the expiry date of medicines kept at school and maintain the school medical register.
- monitor and review the policy at least once a year, with input from child/young people, parents, staff and external stakeholders and update according to review recommendations and recent local and national guidance and legislation.
- report back to all key stakeholders about implementation of the policy.
- In partnership with the parent have joint responsibility for the safe travel of the child/young person.
- Recruit staff to deliver against all Individual Health Plans and make sure all staff are appropriately insured (See Section 8).
- Provide staff to cover absence.

All school staff

All staff at the school have a responsibility to:

- be aware of the potential triggers, signs and symptoms of common medical conditions and know what to do in an emergency by receiving whole school awareness training.
- be aware that medical conditions can affect a child/young person's learning and provide extra help when child/young people need it.
- understand the policy and how this impacts on children and young person's education.
- know which child/young people in their care have a medical condition and be familiar with the content of the child/young person's Individual Healthcare Plan.
- allow all child/young people to have immediate access to their emergency medication.
- maintain effective communication with parents including informing them if their child has been unwell at school.
- Ensure child/young people who carry their medication with them have it when they go on a school visit or out of the classroom.
- be aware of child/young people with medical conditions who may be experiencing bullying or need extra social support.
- understand the common medical conditions and the impact it can have on child/young people.
- ensure all child/young people with medical conditions are not excluded unnecessarily from activities they wish to take part in.
- ensure child/young people have the appropriate medication or food with them during any exercise and are allowed to take it when needed.

First aider

First aiders at the school have a responsibility to:

- give immediate help to casualties with common injuries or illnesses and those arising from specific hazards with the school.
- when necessary ensure that an ambulance or other professional medical help is called.

Special Educational Needs Coordinators (SENCO)

The SENCO at the school has responsibility to:

- help update the school's medical condition policy.
- know which child/young people have a medical condition and which have special educational needs because of their condition.
- Ensure if a child has a statement or EHC Plan their medical conditions are linked and become a part of this statutory document.
- be the key member or liaise with other staff to ensure child/young people with medical conditions continue to make expected progress.
- ensure teachers make the necessary arrangements and make reasonable adjustments if a child/young person needs special consideration or access arrangements in exams or course work.

Pastoral support staff

The pastoral support staff at the school has the responsibility to:

- help update the school's medical conditions policy.
- know which child/young people have a medical condition and which have special educational needs because of their condition.
- Monitor children/young people's attendance and punctuality and consider additional support and planning with the SENCO.
- ensure all child/young people with medical conditions are not excluded unnecessarily from activities they wish to take part in.

Health Services

The school nurse and others from the local Health Community and services who work with the school has a responsibility to:

- co-operate with schools to support children/young people with a medical condition.
- be aware of the needs and training the school staff need in managing the most common medical conditions at school.
- provide information about where the school can access other specialist training or alternative provide training if this has been locally developed.

Other healthcare professionals, including GPs and paediatricians have responsibility to:

- notify the school nurse when a child has been identified as having a medical condition that will require support at school.
- provide advice on developing healthcare plans.
- consider that Specialist local health teams may be able to provide support in schools for children with particular conditions (e.g. asthma, diabetes, epilepsy).

Parents

The parents of a child/young person at the school have a responsibility to:

- tell the school if their child has a medical condition.
- ensure the school has a complete and up-to-date Healthcare Plan for their child.
- inform the school about the medication their child requires during school hours.
- inform the school of any medication their child requires while taking part in educational visits.
- tell the school about any changes to their child's medication, what they take, when, and how much.
- inform the school of any changes to their child's condition.
- ensure their child's medication and medical devices are labelled with their child's full name and date of birth and a spare is provided with the same information.
- ensure that their child's medication is within expiry dates.
- inform the school if your child is feeling unwell.
- ensure their child catches up on any school work they have missed.
- ensure their child has regular reviews about their condition with their doctor or specialist healthcare professional and information that will require the school to support your child is passed on to them.
- ensure their child has a written care/self-management plan from their doctor or specialist healthcare professional to help their child manage their condition.

3. All staff understand and trained in the school's general emergency procedures

The school has a general Health and Safety Policy that includes risk assessments and have arrangements in place to deal with emergencies.

All staff know what action to take in the event of a medical emergency. This includes:

- how to contact emergency services and what information to give (use Annex F)
- who to contact within the school.

Action to take in a general medical emergency is displayed in prominent locations for staff. These include classrooms, the staff room, food preparation areas and sporting facilities.

If a child/young person needs to be taken to hospital, a member of staff will always accompany them and will stay with them until a parent arrives. The school tries to ensure that the staff member will be one the child knows.

Staff will call an ambulance to transfer child to a hospital.

4. The school has clear guidance on the administration of medication at school and what is deemed as unacceptable practice

Administration – general

The school understands the importance of medication being taken as prescribed.

All staff are aware that there is no legal or contractual duty for any member of staff to administer medication or supervise a child/young person taking medication unless they have been specifically contracted to do so.

All use of medication defined as a controlled drug, even if the child/young person can administer the medication themselves, is done under the supervision of a named member of staff at this school.

If a trained member of staff, who is usually responsible for administering medication, is not available the school makes alternative arrangements to continue to provide this support.

For medication where no specific training is necessary, any member of staff may administer prescribed and non-prescribed medication to children/young people under the age of 16, but only with the written consent of their parent. (use of Annex B)

Training is given to all staff members who agree to administer medication to pupils, where specific training is needed. The local authority provides full indemnity.

Parents at this school understand that if their child's medication changes or is discontinued, or the dose or administration method changes, that they should notify the school immediately.

If a child/young person at this school refuses their medication, staff should not force them and record this and follow procedures set out in the Individual Healthcare Plan. Parents are informed as soon as possible.

If a child/young person misuses medication, either their own or another child/young persons, their parents are informed as soon as possible.

Administration – Emergency Medication

All child/young person with medical conditions has easy access to their medication.

All child/young people are encouraged to carry and administer their own emergency medication, only when their parents and health professionals determine they are able to begin taking responsibility. All child/young people carry their medication with them at all times, except if they

are controlled drugs as defined in the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971. This is also the arrangement on any off-site visits.

A child/young person who does not carry and administer their own medication know where their medication is stored and how to access it.

Children/young people who do not carry and administer their own medication understand the arrangements for a member of staff (and the secondary member of staff) to assist in helping them take their medication safely.

Unacceptable Practice

The school uses its discretion and professional judgment on individual cases but it is not generally acceptable practice to:

- prevent a child/young person from easily accessing their medication or inhalers when or where necessary.
- assume that every child with the same condition requires similar or the same support.
- ignore the views of the child/young person and their parents
- send children/young people home frequently or prevent them from staying for school activities.
- send a child unaccompanied to the school office if they become ill.
- penalise their attendance records if their absences are related to their medical condition e.g. hospital appointments.
- prevent pupils from drinking, eating or taking toilet or other breaks in order to effectively manage their own medical condition.
- require parents or make them feel obliged to attend school to administer medication or provide medical support.
- prevent or create unnecessary barriers to children participating in any aspect of their educational experience, this includes school visits, e.g. requiring the parents to accompany the child.

5. The school has clear guidance keeping clear and up to date records which supports the planning and access to school

Administration/Admission forms

Parents at this school are asked if their child has any health conditions or health issues on the admission form, which is filled out at the start of each school year. Parents of new pupils starting at other times during the year are also asked to provide this information on admission forms.

School Medical register

Individual Healthcare Plans are one document that is used to create a Medical register of pupils with medical needs, not all children/young people with medical conditions will need an individual plan. Kirsty Gordon is the identified member of staff who has responsibility for the medical register at school.

The identified member of staff has responsibility for the medical register and follows up with the parents any further details on a child/young person's Individual Healthcare Plan required or if permission for administration of medication is unclear or incomplete.

Individual Healthcare Plans

Drawing up Individual Healthcare Plans

An individual Healthcare plan may be initiated by a member of school staff, plans should be drawn up with the input of healthcare professionals e.g. Specialist Nurse, parents and the child.

As a sign of good practice the school will use Individual Healthcare Plans to record important details about individual children's medical needs at school, their triggers, signs, symptoms, medication and other treatments and used to identify the level support they need. Further documentation can be attached to the Individual Healthcare Plan if required (use of Annex B).

An Individual Healthcare Plan, accompanied by an explanation of why and how it is used, is sent to all parents of pupils with a long-term medical condition. This is sent:

- at the start of the school year
- at admission
- when a diagnosis is first communicated to the school.

If a child/young person has a short-term medical condition that requires medication during school hours, a medication form plus explanation is sent to the pupil's parents to complete (use of Annex D to monitor).

Ongoing communication and review of the Individual Healthcare Plan

Parents at this school are regularly reminded to update their child's Individual Healthcare Plan if their child has a medical emergency or if there have been changes to their symptoms (getting better or worse), or their medication, treatments or conditions change.

Staff at this school use opportunities to invite parents to review and check that information held by the school on a child/young person's condition is accurate and up to date. (use of Annex F)

Every child/young person with an Individual Healthcare Plan at this school has their plan discussed and reviewed at least once a year.

Where the child has SEND, the Individual Healthcare Plan should be as part of the graduated approach of Assess, Plan, Do, Review and/or linked to their statement or Education Health and Care Plan if they have one.

Storage and access to Individual Healthcare Plans

The school ensures that all staff protect confidentiality.

Individual Healthcare Plans are kept in a secure central location at school.

Securely held copies of Individual Healthcare Plans will be held in the central location, classroom handbook and in the locked medical cupboard as agreed by the pupil and parent. These copies are updated at the same time as the central copy. A copy is uploaded to CPOMS to support transition.

All members of staff who work with groups of children/young people will access the Individual Healthcare Plans to provide support with their planning of teaching and learning.

When a member of staff is new to a pupil group, for example due to staff absence, the school makes sure that they are made aware of (and have access to) the Individual Healthcare Plans of children/young people in their care.

The school seeks permission from parents to allow the Individual Healthcare Plan to be sent ahead to emergency care staff, should an emergency happen during school hours or at a school activity outside the normal school day. This permission is included on the Individual Healthcare Plan.

Use of an Individual Healthcare Plan

Individual Healthcare Plans are used by the school to:

- inform the appropriate staff and supply teachers about the individual needs of children/young people with a medical condition in their care
- remind children/young people with medical conditions to take their medication when they need to and, if appropriate, remind them to keep their emergency medication with them at all times
- identify common or important individual triggers for children/young people with medical conditions at school that bring on symptoms and can cause emergencies. The school uses this information to help reduce the impact of common triggers
- ensure that all medication stored at school is within the expiry date
- ensure this school's local emergency care services have a timely and accurate summary of a pupil's current medical management and healthcare in the event of an emergency
- remind parents of a child/young person with medical conditions to ensure that any medication kept at school for their child is within its expiry dates. This includes spare medication.

Consent to administer medicines

If a child/young person requires regular prescribed or non-prescribed medication at school, parents are asked to provide consent on their child's Individual Healthcare Plan giving the pupil or staff permission to administer medication on a regular/daily basis, if required. A separate form is sent to parents for pupils taking short courses of medication.

All parents of children/young people with a medical condition who may require medication in an emergency are asked to provide consent on the Individual Healthcare Plan for staff to administer medication.

If a child/young person requires regular/daily help in administering their medication then the school

outlines the school's agreement to administer this medication on the Individual Healthcare Plan. The school and parents keep a copy of this agreement. (use of Annex B) A separate form is sent to parents for pupils taking short courses of medication or 'pain relief' (in exceptional circumstances). For pain relief administration, parents will always be contacted before it is administered and a text sent so parents know when pain relief was given.

Off-site Sporting Activities

When attending an off-site activity (including sporting events) the lead staff member will have copies of all visit paperwork including risk assessments for children/young people where medication is required. A copy of the Individual Healthcare Plan's will accompany the child/young person if necessary and reference should be made to any medical conditions in the planning and risk assessment prior to the visit taking place.

All parents of a child/young person with a medical condition attending an off-site activity are asked for written consent, giving staff permission to administer medication if required and an individual Healthcare plan has not been drawn up.

Other record keeping

The school keeps an accurate record of each occasion an individual pupil is given or supervised taking medication. Details of the supervising staff member, pupil, dose, date and time are recorded. If a pupil refuses to have medication administered, this is also recorded and parents are informed as soon as possible (use of Annex C).

The school holds training on common medical conditions once a year. A log of the medical condition training is kept by the school and reviewed every 12 months to ensure all new staff receive training. All school staff who volunteer or who are contracted to administer medication are provided with training by a healthcare professional. The school keeps a record of staff who have had training. (use Annex E)

6. There is clear guidance on the safe storage and handling of medication at school

Safe storage – emergency medication

Emergency medication is readily available to children/young people who require it at all times during the school day or at off-site activities. If the emergency medication is a controlled drug and needs to be locked up, the keys are readily available and not held personally by members of staff.

Where the child's healthcare professional advises that they are not yet able or old enough to self-manage and carry their own emergency medication, they know exactly where to access their emergency medication and which member of staff they see.

Safe storage – non-emergency medication

All non-emergency medication is kept in a secure place, in a lockable cupboard in a cool dry place. Pupils with medical conditions know where their medication is stored and how to access it.

Staff ensure that medication is only accessible to those for it is prescribed.

Safe storage – general

There are identified members of staff who ensures the correct storage of medication at school.

All controlled drugs are kept in a locked cupboard and only named staff have access, even if the child/young person normally administers medication themselves. Medicines and devices such as asthma inhalers, blood glucose testing meters and adrenalin pens should be always readily available to children and not locked away.

It is the parent's responsibility to ensure new and in date medication comes into school on the first day of the new academic year.

Three times a year the identified member of staff checks the expiry dates for all medication stored at school.

The identified member of staff, along with the parents of children/young people with medical conditions, will ensure that all emergency and non-emergency medication brought in to school is clearly labeled with the pupil's name, the name and dose of the medication and the frequency of dose. This includes all medication that pupils carry themselves.

All medication is supplied and stored in its original containers/packages. All medication is labelled

with the child/young person's name, date of birth, the name of the medication, expiry date and the prescriber's instructions for administration, including dose and frequency.

Medication will be stored in accordance with instructions, paying particular note to temperature.

Some medication for pupils at this school may need to be refrigerated. All refrigerated medication is stored in an airtight container and is clearly labelled. Refrigerators used for the storage of medication are in a secure area that is only accessible to staff.

All medication is sent home with pupils at the end of the school year. Medication is not stored in summer holidays.

Safe disposal

Parents will be asked to collect out-of-date medication.

If parents do not pick up out-of-date medication, or at the end of the school year, medication is taken to a local pharmacy for safe disposal.

A named member of staff is responsible for checking the dates of medication will arrange for the disposal of any that have expired.

Sharps boxes are used for the disposal of needles. Parents obtain sharps boxes from the child's GP or paediatrician on prescription. All sharps boxes in school are stored in a locked cupboard unless alternative safe and secure arrangements are put in place on a case-by-case basis. Arrangements should be made for their safe disposal.

If a sharps box is needed on an off-site visit a named member of staff is responsible for its safe storage and return it to school or the child/young person's parent.

7. Supporting Medical Conditions in school policy is regularly reviewed, evaluated, consulted with stakeholders and updated.

The policy is reviewed, evaluated and updated annually in line with the school's policy review timeline and receives a full consultation with stakeholders.

Any new government guidance is actively sought and fed into the review, guidance will be provided by Local Authority Officers.

When evaluating the policy, the school seeks feedback and further consultation on the effectiveness and acceptability of the medical conditions policy with a wide-range of key stakeholders within the school, health settings and with parents and children/young people.

Key stakeholders include:

- Children/young people
- Parents
- School nurse and/or school healthcare professionals
- Headteacher
- Teachers
- Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCO)
- Pastoral support staff
- First aider
- All other school staff
- Local emergency care service staff (including accident & emergency and ambulance staff)
- Local health professionals
- The school employer
- School governors

All key stakeholders should be consulted in two phases:

- initial consultation during development of the policy.
- comments on a draft policy before publication and implementation.

The views of children/young people with various medical conditions are actively sought and considered central to the evaluation process.

Parents, school staff, governors, relevant local health staff and any other external stakeholders are informed and regularly reminded about the policy and how they impact on its implementation and review.

8. Liability and Indemnity

- The school has an appropriate level of insurance and reflects the level of risk associated with

supporting medical conditions.

- The school recognises that the insurance policy should provide liability cover relating to administration of medication.
- Individual cover may need to be arranged and any requirements of the insurance policy, such as staff training, will be complied with.

9. Complaints Procedure

If parents or carers have concern or are dissatisfied with the support provided they should directly contact the school and follow the complaints procedure set out by the school.

Legislation and Guidance

This policy and guidance has been compiled using recommended government documents and Acts, these include;

- Supporting pupils with Medical Conditions – September 2014
- Special Educational Needs and Disability Code of Practice: 0-25 years
- Children and Families Act 2014 – Part 5: 100
- Health and Safety: advice for schools – June 2014
- Equality Act 2010
- The management of Health and Safety at work regulations 1999
- Education Act 1996
- Health and Safety at work Act 1974
- Medicines Act 1968

The Local Authority will provide both national and local guidance.

For further information and guidance see;

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/supporting-pupils-at-school-with-medical-conditions--3>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/emergency-asthma-inhalers-for-use-in-schools>

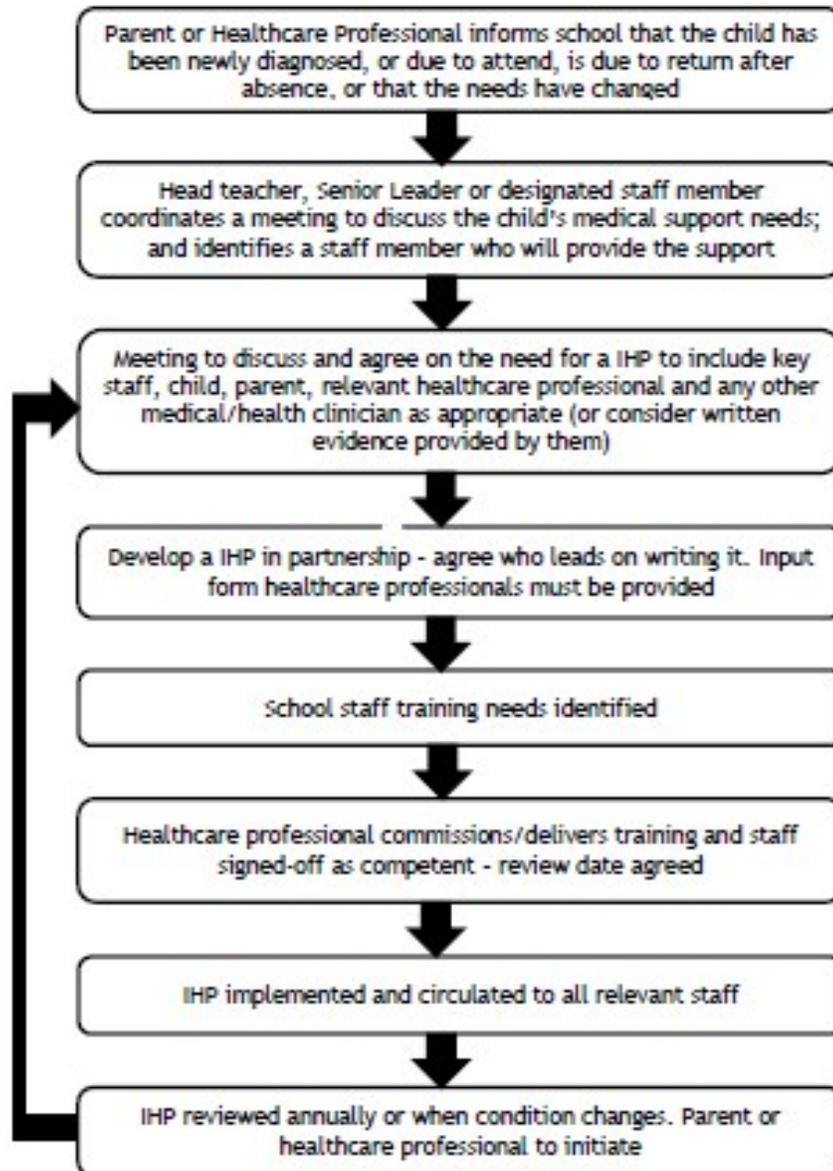
<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/automated-external-defibrillators-aeds-in-schools>

MONITORING EVALUATION AND REVIEW

This policy will be reviewed annually by the Governing Body and Senior Leadership Team

Date adopted	Sept 2015	Review Cycle	Annual	Last Reviewed	July 2021	Version	July 2021
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Annex A: Model Process for developing the Individual Healthcare Plan



Annex B: Individual Healthcare Plan

Name of school/setting

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Child's name

--

Group/class/form

--

Date of birth

--

Child's address

--

Medical diagnosis or condition

--

Date

--

Review date

--

Family Contact Information

Name

--

Phone no. (work)

--

(home)

--

(mobile)

--

Name

--

Relationship to child

--

Phone no. (work)

--

(home)

--

(mobile)

--

Clinic/Hospital Contact

Name

Phone no.

G.P.

Name

Phone no.

Who is responsible for providing support in school

Describe medical needs and give details of child's symptoms, triggers, signs, treatments, facilities, equipment or devices, environmental issues etc

Name of medication, dose, method of administration, when to be taken, side effects, contra-indications, administered by/self-administered with/without supervision

Daily care requirements

Specific support for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs

Arrangements for school visits/trips including Sporting Activities

Other information

Describe what constitutes an emergency, and the action to take if this occurs

Who is responsible in an emergency (*state if different for off-site activities*)

Plan developed with

Staff training needed/undertaken – who, what, when

Form copied to



Annex C: Parental Agreement for setting to Administer Medicine

The school/setting will not give your child medicine unless you complete and sign this form, and the school or setting has a policy that the staff can administer medicine.

Date for review to be initiated by	
Name of school/setting	
Name of child	
Date of birth	
Group/class/form	
Medical condition or illness	

Medicine

Name/type of medicine <i>(as described on the container)</i>	
Expiry date	
Dosage and method	
Timing	
Special precautions/other instructions	
Are there any side effects that the school/setting needs to know about?	
Self-administration – y/n	
Procedures to take in an emergency	

NB: Medicines must be in the original container as dispensed by the pharmacy

Contact Details

Name	
------	--

Daytime telephone no.

Relationship to child

Address

I understand that I must deliver the
medicine personally to

(agreed member of staff)

The above information is, to the best of my knowledge, accurate at the time of writing and I give consent to school/setting staff administering medicine in accordance with the school/setting policy. I will inform the school/setting immediately, in writing, if there is any change in dosage or frequency of the medication or if the medicine is stopped.

Signature(s) _____

Date _____

Annex D: Record of medicine administered to an individual child

Name of school/setting

Name of child

Date medicine provided by parent

Group/class/form

Quantity received

Name and strength of medicine

Expiry date

Quantity returned

Dose and frequency of medicine

Staff signature _____

Signature of parent _____

Date

Time given

Dose given

Name of member of staff

Staff initials

Date

--	--	--	--	--

Time given

--	--	--	--	--

Dose given

--	--	--	--	--

Name of member of staff

--	--	--	--	--

Staff initials

--	--	--	--	--

Date

--	--	--	--	--

Time given

--	--	--	--	--

Dose given

--	--	--	--	--

Name of member of staff

--	--	--	--	--

Staff initials

--	--	--	--	--

Date

--	--	--	--	--

Time given

--	--	--	--	--

Dose given

--	--	--	--	--

Name of member of staff

--	--	--	--	--

Staff initials

--	--	--	--	--

Date

--	--	--	--	--

Time given

--	--	--	--	--

Dose given

--	--	--	--	--

Name of member of staff

--	--	--	--	--

Staff initials

--	--	--	--	--

Annex F: Staff Training Record – Administration of medicines

Name of school/setting	
Name	
Type of training received	
Date of training completed	
Training provided by	
Profession and title	

I confirm that (name of member of staff) has received the training detailed above and is competent to carry out any necessary treatment. I recommend that the training is updated (suggested date)

Trainer's signature _____

Date _____

I confirm that I have received the training detailed above

Staff signature _____

Date _____

Suggested review date _____

Annex G: Contacting the Emergency Services

Request an ambulance - dial 999, ask for an ambulance and be ready with the information below.

Speak clearly and slowly and be ready to repeat information if asked.

1. Your telephone number

(insert here)

2. Your name

3. Your location as follows

(insert school/setting address)

4. State what the postcode is – please note that postcodes for satellite navigation systems may differ from the postal code

(insert here)

5. Provide the exact location of the patient within the school setting

6. Provide the name of the child and a brief description of their symptoms

7. Inform Ambulance Control of the best entrance to use and state that the crew will be met and taken to the patient

8. Provide the Ambulance Service with a copy of the child/young person's Individual Healthcare Plan if agreed by the parent
9. Put a completed copy of this form by the phone

Annex H: Model Letter inviting parents to contribute to Individual Healthcare Plan development/review

Dear Parent

Thank you for informing us of your child's medical condition. I enclose a copy of a guide of your responsibilities and the full policy for supporting pupils at school with medical conditions can be found on the school website.

An individual healthcare plan now has to be prepared/reviewed. This will set out what support the each pupil needs and how this will be provided. We will develop this plan with you, your child and the healthcare professionals who can advise us on your child's medical case.

We would like to hold a meeting to start developing the plan on xx/xx/xx. Please can you contact us to let us know if this convenient and to agree who needs to attend or provide information for the meeting.

To confirm your attendance or if you would like to discuss this further please call me on 0151 228 4069 or ask to speak to me in school.

Yours sincerely

Annex I: Parent Guide

The school will support your child with their medical needs but to do this we ask that you;

- tell us if your child has a medical condition
- work with us to ensure your child has a complete and up-to-date Healthcare Plan for their child
- inform us about the medication your child requires during school hours
- inform us of any medication your child requires while taking part in educational visits
- tell us about any changes to your child's medication, what they take, when, and how much
- inform us of any changes to your child's condition
- ensure your child's medication and medical devices are labelled with their full name and date of birth and a supply a spare provided with the same information
- ensure that your child's medication is within expiry dates
- inform us if your child is feeling unwell
- ensure your child catches up on any school work they have missed
- ensure your child has regular reviews about their condition with their doctor or specialist healthcare professional and information that will require us to support your child is passed on ASAP
- Ensure your child has a written care/self-management plan from their doctor or specialist healthcare professional to help them child manage their condition.

Annex J: Quick Guide for schools

Storage and Access

- All non-emergency medication is kept in a secure place and controlled drugs are kept in a locked cupboard and only named staff have access.

- All pupils with medical conditions have easy access to their medication.

Administering any Medication

- The members of staff at the school who have been specifically contracted to administer medication are:
 - Pauline Wolfe
 - Kirsty Hamilton
 - Paula McFadden
- If a trained member of staff, who is usually responsible for administering medication, is not available the school makes alternative arrangements to continue to provide this support.
- For medication where no specific training is necessary, any member of staff may administer prescribed and non-prescribed medication to children/young people under the age of 16, but only with the written consent of their parent.

Record Keeping

- All medications that are administered should be recorded with the date, child's name, time, name of medicine, dose given, any reactions, signature, Print name of supervising staff member and text sent to parent (if paracetamol).
- Staff will follow the guidance within the individual healthcare plan and follow the instructions found on the prescribed medication.
- Only supply medication to children/young people where written consent has been received but all staff need to act as any reasonably prudent parent.